

GEOGRAPHY

Time : 3 Hrs.

March - 2015

Marks : 80

Q.1.(A) Fill in the blanks with appropriate alternatives given in the brackets and rewrite the sentences :

(6)

- (1) Plains have density of population.
(*moderate, low, high, very low*)
- (2) When a person migrates from Nashik to Nagpur it is called as
migration. (*intra-district, inter-district, interstate, international*)

- (3) The oldest occupation of man is
(mining, manufacturing, agriculture, trade)
- (4) In the world is the biggest producer of manganese.
(Australis, India, China, South Africa)
- (5) Lake Erie is the most important industrial region of
(USA, Germany, Brazil, Russia)
- (6) The cheapest mode of transportation is
(waterways, airways, roadways, railways)

(B) Match the words from Column 'A' with appropriate words from Column 'B': (4)

Column 'A'	Column 'B'
(1) Cellular phone	(a) Wealth of country
(2) Gross domestic product	(b) Germany
(3) Hamburg	(c) Coal
(4) Lignite	(d) Iron-ore
	(e) Communication

Q.2. (A) Select the appropriate alternative answers for each of the following questions and rewrite the sentences:

- (1) When the birth rate is high and death rate is low, the population growth is
(a) high (b) low
(c) stable (d) moderate
- (2) Transplantation is mainly practiced in the cultivation of
(a) wheat (b) rubber
(c) rice (d) coffee
- (3) Iron and steel industries are located near the region of raw material, because
(a) transportation of raw material is very expensive.
(b) coal is a non-weight losing raw material.
(c) these industries require plenty of water.
(d) iron-ore is very heavy and weight losing raw material.
- (4) When the value of export and import is equal it is known as
(a) negative balance of trade. (b) positive balance of trade.
(c) balanced trade. (d) unbalanced trade.
- (5) In Northern Canada roadways are less developed, because of
(a) lack of population. (b) very hot climate.
(c) snow covered region. (d) less development
- (6) Mediterranean sea and Red sea are connected by
(a) Panama canal (b) Suez canal
(c) Kiel canal (d) Buckingham canal

(B) Explain the terms (Any TWO) :

(4)

- (1) Birth rate
- (2) Metallic minerals
- (3) Internal trade

Q.3. Give geographical reasons (Any FIVE) :

(10)

- (1) Population composition is changed by migration.
- (2) Mumbai has high density of population.
- (3) Market gardening is a product of urbanisation.
- (4) Raw material is a dominant factor in the location of sugar industries.
- (5) Domestic trade is more developed in densely populated region.
- (6) Inland waterways are well developed in USA.
- (7) Japan is called as a 'century in decade'.

Q.4. Answer the following questions (Any FIVE) :

(10)

- (1) What is sex-ratio?
- (2) What are the bases of migration?
- (3) Describe the different types of iron-ore.
- (4) Describe the effect of latitudes on economic development.
- (5) Mention the names of any 'four ports' in India.
- (6) What are the modern means of communication?
- (7) Describe the electronic industries.

Q.5. Write short notes on the following (Any THREE) :

(12)

- (1) Positive effects of migration.
- (2) Geographical conditions required for rubber cultivation.
- (3) Sugar industries.
- (4) Pillars of human development.
- (5) Mumbai-Pune industries region.

Q.6. Show the following on the outline map of the world with proper signs and prepare the index (Any FIVE) :

(10)

- (1) Homeland of Eskimos.
- (2) The Prairie region.
- (3) Country leading in oil production in South America.
- (4) A leading country in uranium reserves.
- (5) Major industrial region in Central Europe.
- (6) A major port in Japan.
- (7) North-Atlantic ocean route.

Q.7. Answer the following questions in about 12 to 15 lines (Any TWO) : (10)

- (1) Explain the world distribution of mineral oil.
- (2) Describe the World Trade Organisation (W.T.O.).
- (3) What is meant by transportation? Classify the various types of transportation.
- (4) Give brief explanation of Human Development Index (H.D.I.).

Q.8. Write the answer of the following question in detail (Any ONE) : (8)

- (1) What is 'density of population'? Explain the socio-economic and political factors affecting it.
- (2) Give an account of intensive commercial grain farming.

