

**No. of Questions : 50 ]**

**No. of Printed Pages : 16]**

**Roll No. of the Candidate**

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

**2014**  
**AH**

**PART – I**  
**OBJECTIVE**

**[ Time : 1 Hour**

**[ Full Marks : 50**

**REGULAR**

**AR - 07**

**SET : A**

**SLE**

**SL-ENGLISH**

**OBJECTIVE QUESTION – BOOKLET**

**THE CANDIDATES SHALL TAKE THIS QUESTION BOOKLET (PART - I) AFTER THE EXAMINATION OF THIS SUBJECT IS OVER. THEY SHALL HAND OVER THE OMR SHEET TO THE INVIGILATOR WHEN INSTRUCTED.**

**INSTRUCTIONS**

1. This question booklet contains 50 (fifty) Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ).
2. Each question has four (04) answer choices, out of which only one is correct.
3. Select the correct answer and darken the appropriate circle completely in the OMR sheet with Blue/ Black ball point pen only. Darken only one circle and darkening two or more circles shall lead to rejection of the answer.
4. Partial/incomplete darkened circles shall not be evaluated by the computer.
5. The OMR answer sheets shall be evaluated by the computer.
6. In case the OMR sheet is stained, torn, crumpled, mutilated, distorted, not properly printed in any manner or otherwise appears defective, the same shall be returned immediately to the invigilator and another correct OMR sheet be obtained.
7. Verify carefully whether the No. of printed pages, No. of questions, Set code etc. printed on the cover page matched with this booklet. In case of any defect/discrepancy, exchange the defective one immediately to obtain another correct Question Booklet.
8. Write your Roll No. in the space provided. Do not write/scribble anything on any part of this booklet except the space provided for doing the rough work.
9. Discipline must be maintained in the examination hall as per the provisions of the Odisha Conduct of Examination Act, 1988.
10. No candidate shall be allowed to leave the examination hall before the examination is over. The candidates must hand over the OMR sheet to the invigilator when instructed.

**AR-07-I-A**



**SET : A**

**AR-07/P-I/SLE**

**(REGULAR) (PART – I)**

**ENGLISH**

**Time : 1 Hour**

**Total Marks : 50**

**INSTRUCTIONS :**

- (i) Answer **all** questions.
  - (ii) **All** questions carry equal marks.
  - (iii) Each question has four answer choices. Select the correct one and darken the appropriate circle completely in the OMR answer sheet with **Blue/Black** ball-point pen only.
- 

**1.** The expression ‘though the whole world turn to coal’ means \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) though the whole world turns black
- (B) though the whole world is destroyed
- (C) though the whole world turns into a coalfield
- (D) though the whole world turns into matter

**2.** Kapil scored 300 runs in three Test matches on the 1982 tour of \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) West Indies
- (B) England
- (C) Pakistan
- (D) Zimbabwe

3. Sweet spring, in 'Virtue', is compared to \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) a seasoned timber
  - (B) the bridal of the earth and sky
  - (C) a box where sweets compacted lie
  - (D) the hue angry and brave
4. According to Nehru freedom and power bring \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) pride
  - (B) joy
  - (C) responsibility
  - (D) problems
5. The brook curves and flows to join the \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) brimming river
  - (B) haunts of coot and fern
  - (C) eddying bays
  - (D) valley
6. 'Tryst with Destiny' was a speech delivered by Jawaharlal Nehru in the \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) Constituent Assembly
  - (B) Parliament
  - (C) Congress Bhavan
  - (D) Ramlila Maidan

7. The brook says, "I babble \_\_\_\_\_".
- (A) over stony ways
  - (B) on the pebbles
  - (C) between the ridges
  - (D) by many a field and fallow
8. Lencho was an ox of a man. It means \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) he looked like an ox
  - (B) he had the head of an ox
  - (C) he was working like an animal in the fields
  - (D) he was very simple like an ox
9. The flowers mentioned in 'Village Song' are champa, lotus and \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) rose
  - (B) lily
  - (C) sunflower
  - (D) jasmine
10. Lencho became \_\_\_\_\_ when he counted the money.
- (A) upset
  - (B) angry
  - (C) surprised
  - (D) worried

- 11.** The aunt replied to Algu Chaudhury, “God lives in the \_\_\_\_\_ of the panch”.
- (A) soul
  - (B) mind
  - (C) heart
  - (D) words
- 12.** In ‘School’s Goodbye’ the author says that one is known \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) by the books one reads
  - (B) by the company one keeps
  - (C) by the interesting hobbies one has
  - (D) by the sound body one possesses
- 13.** The beggar told Sergei that owing to Olga’s words and \_\_\_\_\_, a change took place in his heart.
- (A) noble deeds
  - (B) scolding
  - (C) weeping
  - (D) misery
- 14.** In ‘School’s Goodbye’ the author says, “Above all remember that your \_\_\_\_\_ is a priceless possession”.
- (A) health
  - (B) cleanliness
  - (C) character
  - (D) regular habit

**15.** The beggar said that he sang in a Russian choir and was sent away for \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) drunkenness
- (B) dishonesty
- (C) lying
- (D) swindling

**16.** Automobiles release maximum \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) carbon monoxide
- (B) nitrous oxide
- (C) carbon dioxide
- (D) oxides of sulphur

**17.** The keeper told the Grandfather that Timothy had died \_\_\_\_\_ before.

- (A) one month
- (B) two months
- (C) three months
- (D) one and a half months

**18.** Air has \_\_\_\_\_ percent oxygen.

- (A) 78
- (B) 18
- (C) 21
- (D) 68

- 19.** Timothy's favourite place in the author's house was the \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) bedroom  
(B) drawing room  
(C) storeroom  
(D) kitchen
- 20.** Kapil scored 175 runs in the Prudential World Cup in June 1983 against \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Zimbabwe  
(B) West Indies  
(C) Australia  
(D) England
- 21.** Why was grandfather included in the hunting expedition ?  
(A) Because he was a shikari.  
(B) Because he knew the forests of the Siwalik Hills better than most people.  
(C) Because he was related to members of the hunting party.  
(D) Because he was keenly interested in hunting.
- 22.** The child tells her mother that she cannot stay because \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) the river-isles are calling  
(B) the voices of the fairy-folk are calling  
(C) the voices of the koils are calling  
(D) the forest-notes are calling

**SET : A**

**AR-07/P-I/SLE**

**23.** Who came walking with one crutch ?

- (A) The old peasant
- (B) The old peasant's father
- (C) The old peasant's grandfather
- (D) The traveller

**24.** Churchyard means \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) a place of worship for the Christians
- (B) a burial ground adjoining a Church
- (C) a place where priests live
- (D) a place where records of births and marriages are kept

**25.** Who sold the grain of corn to the King as a curiosity ?

- (A) A traveller
- (B) Some children
- (C) The wisemen
- (D) An old peasant

**26.** The cottage girl whom Wordsworth met was \_\_\_\_\_ years old.

- (A) eight
- (B) seven
- (C) nine
- (D) ten



27. The grandfather replied to the King that \_\_\_\_\_ was free.
- (A) grain
  - (B) land
  - (C) labour
  - (D) production
28. In 'All Things Bright and Beautiful' the poet says that the mountain is \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) blue-headed
  - (B) purple-headed
  - (C) green-headed
  - (D) bald-headed
29. When the aunt named Algu Chaudhury as the Chief Judge, Jumman was \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) surprised
  - (B) disappointed
  - (C) overjoyed
  - (D) sad
30. In 'All Things Bright and Beautiful' the poet says that everyday they gather rushes that grow \_\_\_\_\_.
- (A) in the garden
  - (B) by the water
  - (C) in the green wood
  - (D) in the meadows

**SET : A**

**AR-07/P-I/SLE**

**31.** One day when \_\_\_\_\_, I heard a lot of noise outside.

- (A) I read
- (B) I was reading
- (C) I have read
- (D) I am reading

**32.** Beware of pickpockets.

It is \_\_\_\_\_ sentence.

- (A) a declarative
- (B) an imperative
- (C) an exclamatory
- (D) an interrogative

**33.** The jury \_\_\_\_\_ divided on this issue.

- (A) were
- (B) was
- (C) has
- (D) is

**34.** Please remind me \_\_\_\_\_ the meeting.

- (A) attending
- (B) attend
- (C) to attend
- (D) for attending

**35.** He is sitting \_\_\_\_\_ my left.

- (A) in
- (B) on
- (C) at
- (D) beside

**36.** Cholera broke \_\_\_\_\_ in this town last year.

- (A) down
- (B) up
- (C) out
- (D) off

**37.** We all thought that he would come to the meeting. The underlined Noun Clause is the \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) subject of a verb
- (B) object of a verb
- (C) complement of a verb
- (D) object of a preposition

**38.** If you had studied more sincerely, \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) you would get a first class
- (B) you will get a first class
- (C) you would have got a first class
- (D) you will have got a first class

**39.** Who broke the chair ?

Its passive voice will be \_\_\_\_\_

- (A) By whom the chair was broken ?
- (B) By whom was the chair broken ?
- (C) Who was the chair broken ?
- (D) By whom is the chair broken ?

**40.** Sarat said, "Is it still raining ?"

If the sentence is reported in indirect speech, it will be \_\_\_\_\_

- (A) Sarat asked if was it raining still.
- (B) Sarat asked if it was raining still.
- (C) Sarat asked if it is raining still.
- (D) Sarat said that it was raining still.

**41.** Lencho called the postal employees a bunch of crooks.

The underlined word means \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) righteous persons
- (B) dishonest persons
- (C) truthful persons
- (D) faithful persons

**42.** There is a wrinkle on his brow.

The underlined word means \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) sweat
- (B) line
- (C) glow
- (D) worry

43. The noun form of 'utter' is \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) utterence  
(B) utterance  
(C) uttrance  
(D) utterable
44. What he said was not relevant to the subject. A single word for the underlined expression will be \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) unrelevant  
(B) inrelevant  
(C) irrelevant  
(D) disrelevant
45. The audience applauded the batsman.  
The underlined word means \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) disliked  
(B) discouraged  
(C) criticized  
(D) showed approval by clapping
46. He can speak French.  
He can speak English too.  
If we join the two sentences using 'not only .... but also', the answer will be \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) Not only he can speak French but also he can speak English.  
(B) He can speak not only French but also English.  
(C) He not only can speak French but also English.  
(D) He can not only speak English but also French.

47. One who studies weather conditions is called a \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) metrologist  
(B) meteorologist  
(C) meterologist  
(D) metorologist
48. By breathing polluted air we become \_\_\_\_\_ air pollution.  
(A) a victim to  
(B) a victim for  
(C) a victim of  
(D) a victim by
49. He is working for the welfare of the people.  
The underlined word means \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) prosperity  
(B) health, happiness and comfort  
(C) development  
(D) advantage
50. \_\_\_\_\_, you will be known by the company you keep.  
(A) To a large extent  
(B) To large extent  
(C) In a large extent  
(D) By large extent